BULLDOG

A mixed formulation containing 313 g/l Pendimethalin as a capsule suspension and 15.6 g/l Diflufenican.

A herbicide for the control of annual grass and broad-leaved weeds in winter wheat, winter barley, winter rye and winter triticale and spring wheat and spring barley.

RISK AND SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING



VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS MAY CAUSE ALLERGY OR ASTHMA SYMPTOMS OR BREATHING DIFFICULTIES IF INHALED



Avoid breathing spray.
Avoid release to the environment.
Wear respiratory protection.
In case of inadequate ventilation wear
respiratory protection.
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep
at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
If experiencing respiratory symptoms

Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty containers which can be disposed of a non-hazardous waste.

CS No. 0565

Contains Isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply with the instructions for use.

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY INFORMATION TELEPHONE 01763 212100

SIPCAM UK CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY: All good supplied by us are of high grade, but as we cannot exercise control over their mixing or use all conditions or warranty, statutory or otherwise, as to the quality or fitness of our goods for any purpose are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted by us for any damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application or use.

Registration Holder:

SIPCAM UK Ltd, 4C Archway House, The Lanterns, Melbourn Street, Royston, Herts SG8 7BX.

Marketing Company:

SIPCAM UK Ltd, 4C Archway House, The Lanterns, Melbourn Street Royston Herts SG8 7B Net contents:

Batch Number: SEE PACKAGE



Scan to view the Safety Data Sheet

Alternatively, download the Safety Data Sheet from sipcamuk.co.uk or contact your supplier.

sipcamuk.co.uk



FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY - DIRECTIONS FOR USE USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERRICIDE

Crops	Maximum single dose:	Maximum number of applications:	Maximum total dose:	Latest time of application		
Wheat (Winter) Barely (Winter)	4.2 L/ha		4.2 L/ha	Before leaf sheath erect stage (GS 30)		
Rye (Winter) Triticale (Winter)	4.2 L/ha		4.2 L/ha	Pre-crop emergence		
Barely (Spring) Wheat (Spring)	4.2 L/ha		4.2 L/ha	Pre-crop emergence		

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

OTHER RESTRICTION: DO NOT APPLY VIA HAND-HELD EQUIPMENT

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator Protection

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling the concentrate or contaminated surfaces.
WASH CONCENTRATE from skin and eyes immediately.
WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.
WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after work

Environmental Protection

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5m to surface water bodies.

Do not contaminate surface water and ditches with chemical or used container. (Do not clean application equipment near surface water/ Avoid contamination via drains and from farmyards and roads).

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Storage and disposal

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at the time of filling and dispose of safely.

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDING STUFFS. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

A herbicide for the control of annual grass and broad-leaved weeds in wheat, barley, rye and triticale.

I. RESTRICTIONS/WARNINGS

1.1 Efficacy

Some soil moisture must be present for BULLDOG to be activated. Best results will be obtained if rainfall occurs within seven days of application.

Residual control may be reduced:

- under prolonged dry conditions
- on soils with a high Kd factor
- where organic matter exceeds 6%
- where ash content is high

Do not disturb the soil after BULLDOG has been applied as this will result in reduced weed control.

Where cultural practices which encourage the build up of organic matter in the soil surface are practiced for a number of seasons the effectiveness of residual herbicides may be reduced. In such circumstances, periodic ploughing is recommended to disperse residues into a greater volume of soil

BULLDOG should be used as part of a herbicide spray program to provide season long weed control. Spring emerg weeds are not controlled following autumn application and wil require follow up treatment.

1.2 Soil types

BULLDOG may be used on all mineral soil types. Do not use on soils with more than 10% organic matters On stony or gravely soils [Soil texture (85) System crop damage could occur, particularly, if heavy rain follows treatment. Do not use on water logged soil or soils prone to water logging.

1.3 Seedbed preparation

Trash and straw should be incorporated evenly during seedbed preparation.

Seedbed must have a fine, firm tilth.

Consolidate loose or cloddy seedbeds before use. Following pre-emergence applications, unconsolidated clods (especially if larger than 7.5cm (3") diameter) may reduce the level of weed control and cause seed to be inadequately covered, which could result in crop damage.

1.4 Crop safety

Extreme care must be taken to avoid spray drift onto non-crop plants outside of the target area.

Do not apply BULLDOG to crops suffering from stress, which may be caused for example by pests, disease, water logging, poor seedbed conditions or previous chemical treatment. Seed should be covered with a minimum of 3.2cm of settled soil. Shallow drilled crops should only be treated post-emergence. DO NOT apply during prolonged periods of frosty weather. rost following application may cause crop damage.

DO NOT apply in treaty rain is expected
DO NOT overlap spray swaths
Crops may suffer some transient damage such as bleaching
which is normally outgrown without affecting yield. DO NOT direct drill autumn sown broad-leaved crops following application of BULLDOG in the previous crop

DO NOT treat broadcast crops.

DO NOT roll autumn treated crops until the spring. Do not soil incorporate.

Do not spray undersown crops. Do not undersow crops treated with BULLDOG.

Before using BULLDOG on crops to be processed please consult your processor.



CEREALS - All weed susceptibility ratings in the table below are for applications made pre-emergence of the weeds.

Crops	
Product	BULLDOG
Rate (Litres/ha)	4.2
Grass weed control	
Annual Meadow-grass	S
Rough Meadow-grass	MS
BROAD-LEAVED WEEDS	
Cleavers	MS*
Common Chickweed	S
Common Orache	S S
Common Poppy	S
Corn Marigold	S
Fat-hen	S
Field Forget-me-not	S
Field Pansy	S
Groudsel	MS
Fumitory	MS
Hemp-nettle (Day Nettle)	S
Henbit Dead-nettle	S
Knotgrass	S
Mayweeds Parely Piret	MS S
Parsley Piert Red Dead-nettle	S S
Redshank (early germinating)	3
Scarlet Pimpernel	S
Shepherd's Purse	MS
Small Nettle	S
Smooth Sowthistle	S
Speedwells	S
Volunteer Oilseed Rape (1)	S
7	

S = Susceptible MS = Moderately susceptible

^{*} Late winter or spring germinating cleavers will not be controlled by autumn application and will require over-spray.



^{(1) =} Deep germinating Volunteer Oilseed Rape may not be controlled

2.3 Resistance management

Resistance management:

BULLDOG contains pendimethalin and diflufenican herbicides. Resistance to these and to other pesticides could develop from repeated use which may seriously affect the performance of some products.

To minimise this risk, use at full label rates in accordance with label recommendations.

Strains of some annual grasses, e.g. black-grass, wild-oats, and Italian rye-grass, have developed resistance to herbicides which may lead to poor control. A strategy for preventing and managing such resistance should be adopted. Guidelines have been produced by the Weed Resistance Action Group and copies are available from the HGCA, CPA, your distributor, crop adviser or product manufacturer.

Key elements of the resistance management strategy for BULLDOG:

- Always follow WRAG guidelines for preventing and managing herbicide resistant weeds.
- Maximise the use of cultural control measures wherever possible (e.g. crop rotation, ploughing, stale seedbeds, delayed drilling, etc).
- Use tank mixes or sequences of effective herbicides with different modes of action within individual crops, or successive crops.
- Apply pre-emergence of weeds wherever possible. If applications are delayed, apply post-emergence products/mixtures to small, actively growing weeds, especially where high levels of resistance are suspected and to reduce the risk of resistance development.
- Monitor fields regularly and investigate the reasons for any poor control.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

BULLDOG is recommended for use on all varieties of approved crops on any mineral soil.

3.I Winter wheat & winter barley					
Rate (Litres/ha)	4.2 L/ha				
Number of Applications	One				
Water volume	200 litres/hectare				
Timing	Pre-emergence of the crop to before leaf sheath erect stage (GS30).				
	Do not apply pre-emergence to winter cereal crops drilled after 20th November.				
	Only treated shallow drilled crops pre-emergence				
Seed depth	Seed depth Seed must be covered with a MINI-MUM of 3.2cm of settled soil.				



3.2 Winter Rye and Winter Triticale				
Rate (Litres/ha)	4.2 L/ha			
Water volume	200 litres/hectare			
Timing	Pre-emergence of the crop			
	Apply BULLDOG as soon as possible after drilling and before crop emergence.			
Seed depth	Seed must be covered with a MINIMUM of 3.2cm of settled soil.			

3.3 Spring Barley and Spring Wheat

Rate (Litres/ha)

Water volume

Timing

4.2 L/116

200 litres/hectar

Pre-emergence of the crop

Apply BULLDOG as soon as possible after drilling and before crop emergence.

not treat shallow drilled crops

Seed must be covered with a MINIMUM of 3.2cm of settled soil.

4. Following Crops

Seed depth

Plough to 15 cm and thoroughly mix the soil before drilling any following crop(either after crop failure or normal harvest)

4.1 Following crops after normal harvest

In the autumn following normal harvest after at least 2 months have elapsed, only drill winter cereals, oilseed rape, field beans and leaf brassicas. In the spring following normal harvest, the spring crops listed below can be drilled. Before red beet, sugar beet or spinach may be drilled a minimum of 12 months must elapse since application.

Occasionally seedlings of brassica crops may exhibit slight discolouration of the cotyledons, which is normally outgrown without affecting subsequent growth.

Where diflufenican containing products are applied to successive cereals crops, levels of diflufenican will build up in the soil. Even with

ploughing to 15cm and thorough mixing of the soil, there may still be a risk of damage to following crops of onions, leeks and other allium crops and clover. As precaution users who rent out their land to growers of these crops should not use diffufenican containing products in successive years before renting out that land.

4.2 In the event of crop failure

If a crop fails for any reason only re-drill winter wheat or winter barley after ploughing.

Before Rye grass is drilled after a very dry season, plough or cultivate to at least 15cm.

The minimum intervals (specified below) should elapse between application of BULLDOG and the sowing of one of the following crops listed below.



Application timing	Minimum interval	In the event of crop failure, the follow- ing crops may be drilled:
Autumn	5 Months	Spring wheat, Spring barley, Spring Field beans, Broad beans, Dwarf beans, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Calabrese, Carrots, Cauliflower, Parsnips, Parsley, Peas, Potato, Linseed, Maize, Turnip.
Spring	2 Months	Spring Field beans, Broad beans, Dwarf beans, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Calabrese, Carrots, Cauliflower, Parsnips, Parsley, Peas, Linseed, Turnip
	5 Months	Any crop (with the exception of Red Beet, Sugar Beet and Spinach) may be planted or sown.
	12 Months	Red Beet, Sugar Beet and Spinach

5. Mixing and application

5.1 Mixing

Never prepare more spray solution than is required. Use spray solution immediately following preparation.

Half fill the tank with clean water and start the agitation. To ensure thorough mixing of the product, invert the container several times before opening. Add the required quantity of BULLDOG to the spray tank while re-circulating. Fill up the tank with water and continue agitation until spraying is completed.

When tank mixes are to be used, take due note of any instructions given as to the order of mixing. Each product should be added separately to the spray tank and fully dispersed before the addition of any further product(s).

On emptying the container, rinse container thoroughly by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of container safely.

5.2 Application

Ensure good, even spray cover of the target using a MEDIUM quality spray, as defined by BCPC.

Apply BULLDOG in 200 I/ha.

5.3 Sprayer cleaning

Following use of BULLDOG spray equipment should be thoroughly deaned.

There are no specific requirements for cleaning following use of Bulldog, Growers should consult manufacturer's guidance for procedures for their specific equipment, and use a combination of triple rinsing and agitation with clean water.

6. Tank Mixtures

When tank-mixing ONLY APPLY within label conditions for each product.

For up-to-date details of compatible tank-mixes, contact your supplier or local Sipcam representative.

